IN THE CLAIMS

Please amend the claims as follows:

Claim 1 (Currently Amended): A method for treating a vascular hyperpermeable disease (except macular edema), which method comprises comprising administering to a subject in need thereof a vascular adhesion protein-1 (VAP-1) inhibitor in an amount sufficient to treat said subject for said disease.

Claim 2 (Original): The method of claim 1, wherein said disease is a disease in mucous membrane.

Claim 3 (Original): The method of claim 2, wherein said mucous membrane is a mucous membrane of ocular, cutis, otorhinology or respiratory tract.

Claim 4 (Original): The method of claim 1, wherein said disease is aged macular degeneration, aged disciform macular degeneration, cystoid macular edema, palpebral edema, retinal edema, diabetic retinopathy, chorioretinopathy, neovascular maculopathy, neovascular glaucoma, uveitis, iritis, retinal vasculitis, endophthalmitis, panophthalmitis, metastatic ophthalmia, choroiditis, retinal pigment epithelitis, conjunctivitis, cyclitis, scleritis, episcleritis, optic neuritis, retrobulbar optic neuritis, keratitis, blepharitis, exudative retinal detachment, corneal ulcer, conjunctival ulcer, chronic nummular keratitis, Thygeson keratitis, progressive Mooren's ulcer, an ocular inflammatory disease caused by bacterial or viral infection, and by an ophthalmic operation, an ocular inflammatory disease caused by a physical injury to the eye, a symptom caused by an ocular inflammatory disease including itching, flare, edema and ulcer, erythema, erythema exsudativum multiforme, erythema nodosum, erythema annulare, scleredema, dermatitis, angioneurotic edema, laryngeal edema,

glottic edema, subglottic laryngitis, bronchitis, rhinitis, pharyngitis, sinusitis, laryngitis or otitis media.

Claim 5 (Original): The method of claim 1, wherein the VAP-1 inhibitor is a compound of the formula (I):

$$R^1$$
-NH-X-Y-Z (I)

wherein

R¹ is acyl;

X is a bivalent residue derived from optionally substituted thiazole;

Y is a bond, lower alkylene, lower alkenylene or -CONH-; and

Z is a group of the formula:

wherein R² is a group of the formula: -A-B-D-E

wherein A is a bond, lower alkylene, -NH- or -SO₂-;

B is a bond, lower alkylene, -CO- or -O-;

D is a bond, lower alkylene, -NH- or -CH₂NH-; and

E is optionally protected amino, -N=CH₂,

$$\stackrel{\mathsf{N}}{\underset{\mathsf{Q}}{\longrightarrow}}$$
 or $\stackrel{\mathsf{NH}}{\underset{\mathsf{R}^3}{\longleftarrow}}$

wherein

Q is -S- or -NH-; and

R³ is hydrogen, lower alkyl, lower alkylthio or

-NH-R⁴ wherein R⁴ is hydrogen, -NH₂ or lower alkyl;

or a derivative thereof;

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

Claim 6 (Original): The method of claim 5, wherein, in the formula (I), Z is a group of the formula:

$$\mathbb{R}^2$$

wherein R² is a group of the formula:

(wherein G is a bond, -NHCOCH₂- or lower alkylene and R⁴ is hydrogen, -NH₂ or lower alkyl); -NH₂; -CH₂NH₂; -CH₂ONH₂; -CH₂ON=CH₂;

Claim 7 (Original): The method of claim 6, wherein, in the formula (I), R² is a group of the formula:

(wherein G is a bond, -NHCOCH₂- or lower alkylene and R₄ is hydrogen or lower alkyl); -CH₂NH₂; -CH₂ONH₂; -CH₂ON=CH₂;

$$\stackrel{H}{\sim}_{N}$$
, $\stackrel{H}{\sim}_{N}$, $\stackrel{NH}{\sim}_{NH_{2}}$; $\stackrel{NH}{\sim}_{NH_{2}}$ or $\stackrel{NH}{\sim}_{NH_{3}}$ or $\stackrel{NH}{\sim}_{NH_{3}}$

Claim 8 (Currently Amended): The method of any of claims 5 to 7 claim 5, wherein, in the formula (I), R¹ is alkylcarbonyl and X is a bivalent residue derived from thiazole optionally substituted by methylsulfonylbenzyl.

Claim 9 (Original): The method of claim 1, wherein the VAP-1 inhibitor is N-{4-[2-(4-{[amino(imino)methyl]amino}phenyl)ethyl]-1,3-thiazol-2-yl}acetamide, N-[4-(2-{4-[(aminooxy)methyl]phenyl}ethyl)-1,3-thiazol-2-yl]acetamide, N-{4-[2-(4-{[amino(imino)methyl]amino}phenyl)ethyl]-5-[4-(methylsulfonyl)benzyl]-1,3-thiazol-2-yl}acetamide, N-{4-[2-(4-{[hydrazino(imino)methyl]amino}phenyl)ethyl]-5-[4-(methylsulfonyl)benzyl]-1,3-thiazol-2-yl}acetamide, N-{4-[2-(4-{[hydrazino(imino)methyl]amino}phenyl)ethyl]-1,3-thiazol-2-yl}acetamide, or N-(4-{2-[4-(2-{[amino(imino)methyl]amino}ethyl)phenyl]ethyl}-1,3-thiazol-2-yl)acetamide; or a derivative thereof;

Claim 10 (Original): The method of claim 1, wherein the VAP-1 inhibitor is N-{4-[2-(4-{[amino(imino)methyl]amino}phenyl)ethyl]-1,3-thiazol-2-yl}acetamide;

or a derivative thereof;

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

Claims 11-30 (Canceled).